

12 Week Treatment Process

1



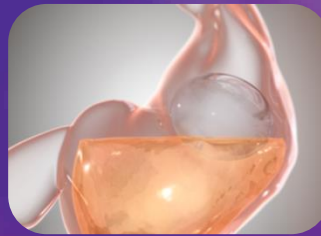
The patient **swallows a capsule** attached to a micro catheter; the balloon is inside the capsule

2



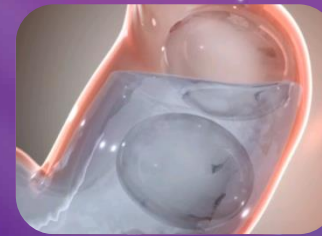
Once the balloon reaches the stomach and the capsule has dissolved, **inflate the balloon** with gas through the micro catheter

3



Once the balloon is fully inflated, detach and **remove the micro catheter**, leaving the balloon behind within the stomach

4



The balloon is customisable with a **maximum of 3 balloons** being placed during the 12 week treatment period to stimulate further weight loss

5



Removal of the balloon(s) are required at the end of the 12 week treatment period with a **short endoscopic procedure**

Obalon Compared

Don't confuse Obalon with a traditional balloon.

The advantages of Obalon over Orbera / BIB:

- Obalon is placed by swallowing a capsule rather than via a gastroscopy
- It is a smaller balloon of 250cc vs. 600cc
- Its far lighter, weighing 6g vs. 600g
- It sits near the Fundus rather than the bottom of the stomach for improved patient comfort
- Obalon is customisable to the individual patient's needs with the option of up to 3 balloons being placed over the 12 week treatment period
- It involves only one endoscopic procedure, rather than two
- Obalon is quick to place and quick to remove
- Only 10% of patients suffer from nausea compared to 78% with the BIB
- No food exclusions are necessary with the Obalon Balloon whereas the BIB prohibits many foods such as salad, vegetables and fibre
- Obalon has no impact on gastric transit time whereas the BIB increases GTT by up to 15 times
- The Obalon Balloon offers the same results in half the time – BIB majority weight loss is in the first 3 months of a 6 month treatment